

Arithmetic Recursive Formula

$$a_1 = \underline{\quad}$$

$$a_n = a_{n-1} + d$$

Geometric Recursive Formula

$$a_1 = \underline{\quad}$$

$$a_n = r \cdot a_{n-1}$$

Write the Explicit formula and Recursive formula for the following sequences.

1.) 3, 13, 23, 33, .....

2.) 2, 20, 200, 2000, .....

Recursive:

$$a_1 = 3$$
$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 10$$

Recursive:

$$a_1 = 2$$
$$a_n = 10 \cdot a_{n-1}$$

Explicit:

$$a_n = 3 + (n-1)10$$

Explicit:

$$a_n = 2(10)^{n-1}$$

3.) 1, 7, 13, 19, .....

4.) 66, 33, 16.5, 8.25, .....

Recursive:

$$a_1 = 1$$
$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 6$$

Recursive:

$$a_1 = 66$$
$$a_n = \frac{1}{2} a_{n-1}$$

Explicit:

$$a_n = 1 + (n-1)6$$

Explicit:

$$a_n = 66 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1}$$

5.) Given the formula  $a_n = 2n + 5$  write an equivalent **recursive** formula.

arithmetic

$$a_1 = 2(1) + 5$$

$$a_2 = 2(2) + 5$$

$$a_3 = 2(3) + 5$$

$$a_1 = 7$$

$$a_2 = 9$$

$$a_3 = 11$$

Recursive:

$$a_1 = 7$$
$$a_n = a_{n-1} + 2$$

6.) Given the formula  $a_n = 3(2)^{n-1}$  write an equivalent **recursive** formula.

Recursive:

$$a_1 = 3$$
$$a_n = 2a_{n-1}$$

7.) At her job, Pat earns \$25,000 the first year and receives a raise of \$1000 each year.

The **explicit** formula for the  $n^{\text{th}}$ -term of this sequence is  $a_n = 25,000 + (n-1)1000$ .

Which rule represents the equivalent **recursive** formula?

(a)  $a_n = 24,000 + 1000n$

(b)  $a_n = 25,000 + 1000n$

(c)  $a_1 = 25,000$  ,  $a_n = a_{n-1} + 1000$

(d)  $a_1 = 25,000$  ,  $a_n = a_{n+1} + 1000$