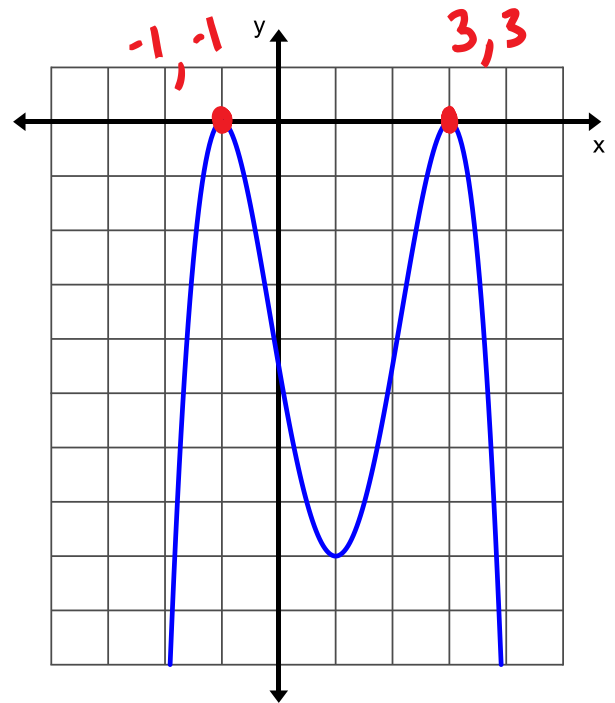


1.) Which statement about this polynomial graph is correct?

- (A) The graph has four non-repeating real roots.
- (B) The graph has two pairs of repeating real roots.**
- (C) The graph has two real roots.
- (D) The graph has three real roots.



2.) Write the expression  $\frac{6x^3 + 17x^2 + 10x + 2}{2x + 3}$  in  $q(x) + \frac{r(x)}{d(x)}$  form.

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} -\frac{3}{2} & 6 & 17 & 10 & 2 \\ & \downarrow & -9 & -12 & 3 \\ \hline & 6 & 8 & -2 & 5 \end{array}$$

Divide by 2  $\rightarrow$   $6 \quad 8 \quad -2 \quad | \quad 5$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x + 3 &= 0 \\ 2x &= -\frac{3}{2} \\ x &= -\frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{3x^2 + 4x - 1 + \frac{5}{2x+3}}$$

3.) Determine if  $x+2$  is a factor of  $x^3+5x^2+5x-2$ . Explain your answer.

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} -2 & 1 & 5 & 5 & -2 \\ & \downarrow & -2 & -6 & 2 \\ \hline & 1 & 3 & -1 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$x+2=0$$

$$x=-2$$

Yes, since the remainder of the quotient is zero.

4.) Given  $f(x)=x^3+5x^2-7x+2$  find the value of  $f(2)$ .

$$(2)^3 + 5(2)^2 - 7(2) + 2$$

$$\boxed{16}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} 2 & 1 & 5 & -7 & 2 \\ & \downarrow & 2 & 14 & 14 \\ \hline & 1 & 7 & 7 & 16 \end{array}$$

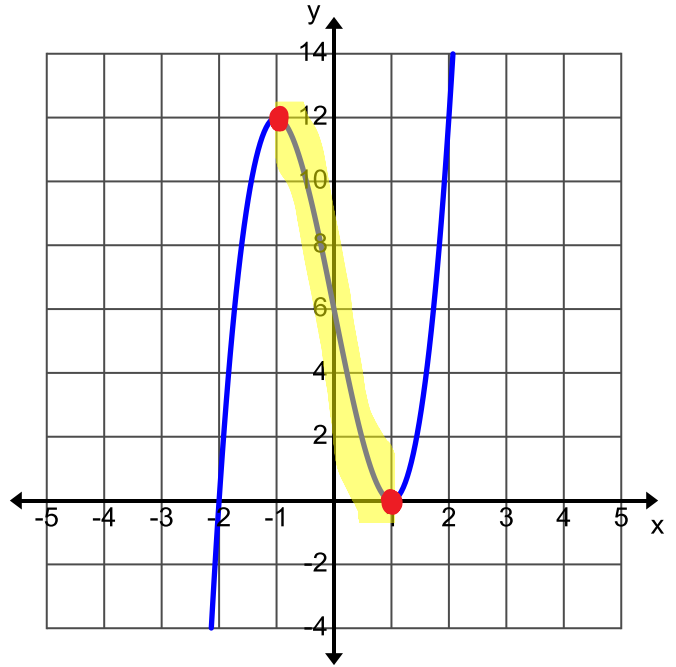
b. What does your answer tell you about  $x-2$  as a factor of  $f(x)$ ? Explain.

$x-2$  is not a factor since the remainder is not zero.

5.) Given the graph of  $g(x)$ , find

a. Find the average rate of change over the interval  $[-1, 1]$

$$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{12 - 0}{-1 - 1} = \frac{12}{-2} = \boxed{-6}$$



b. Using the graph above, which statement is correct about the end behavior of the graph?

~~(A)~~ as  $x \rightarrow -\infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$  ;  $x \rightarrow \infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$

(B) as  $x \rightarrow -\infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$  ;  $x \rightarrow \infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$

**(C)** as  $x \rightarrow -\infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$  ;  $x \rightarrow \infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$

~~(D)~~ as  $x \rightarrow -\infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$  ;  $x \rightarrow \infty$ ,  $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$

6.) Given  $f^{-1}(x) = -\frac{3}{4}x + 2$ , which equation represents  $f(x)$ ?

(a)  $f(x) = \frac{4}{3}x - \frac{8}{3}$

**(b)**  $f(x) = -\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{8}{3}$

(c)  $f(x) = \frac{3}{4}x - 2$

(d)  $f(x) = -\frac{3}{4}x + 2$

Inverse  $\rightarrow$  switch  $x$  and  $y$

$$x = -\frac{3}{4}y + 2$$

$$-\frac{4}{3}(x - 2) = -\frac{3}{4}y \cdot \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\boxed{-\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{8}{3} = y}$$