

NAME: _____ Period: _____



Military History- American Civil War Chapter VIII Notes: Part III of IV

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★ be familiar with the Battle Map in the text book

I. 1862-Summer of 1863 in the West

- ★ _____ firmly in command of western U.S. army
- ★ Grant seizes Rebel _____ in Tennessee
- ★ Battle of _____:
 - large battle along the _____ River
 - Grant's force holds out against huge Rebel Army/Union forces aided by two _____
 - reinforcements under Gen. _____ save grant, Rebels withdraw
- ★ Siege of _____
 - key fort city on the _____ River, controls traffic north and south
 - Grant moves south, crosses the river south of Vicksburg and sweeps up, wins ___ battles and launches siege of Vicksburg
 - direct assaults fail against entrenched Rebels, Grant settles in for a long _____ of the city
 - after ___ months of siege and _____ assault, the Rebel garrison surrenders on July 4th (one day after the Battle of Gettysburg!): 1-2 punch of bad news for Confederacy (turning points of the war)

II. Fall of 1863-1865 in the West

- ★ Battle of _____
 - Union forces under Gen. _____ probe from TN into GA- large Rebel army including Longstreet's division loaned from Lee outnumber them (70,000 to 60,000)
 - Rebel forces _____ poorly handled Union army
 - Gen. _____ heroically covers the retreat of Rosecrans' main army (he is named "The _____ of Chickamauga")
- ★ Battle of Chattanooga
 - key railroad _____ in Eastern TN
 - _____ absorbs Rosecrans army w/his own- attacks
 - Union forces ferry supplies across the Tennessee River on "the Cracker Line"
 - Rebel flanks are captured (including _____)

- Gen. Thomas leads the assault up _____ through two entrenched Confederate lines
- the Rebel Army is smashed
- Grant is even more famous/road to __, __ and __ is open
- ★ U.S. Grant moved to the East/ _____ becomes Western commander
- ★ Sherman moves towards _____ (GA), he engages and then goes around the _____ of his foe five times (forces Rebel retreat)
- ★ Battle of Atlanta
 - _____ given command of “Western” Rebel forces
 - he attacks Union forces around Atlanta, but he is outnumbered: wasting men in _____ attacks towards the siege lines
 - Hood leaves Atlanta to launch an offensive into _____, hopes to draw the enemy away from the Atlantic
 - one small Union Army under George Thomas smashes Hood’s army at The Battle of _____ (Western War is Over!)
- ★ Sherman’s “ _____ ” begins from Atlanta to Savannah, GA on the East Coast.
 - It employs “ _____ ” tactics: destroy both military and civilian property (Scorched earth campaign) (uproots railroad rails (Sherman’s neckties), sets fire to towns, he
 - says “ _____, *you cannot refine it!*”
 - In Dec. 1864, Sherman captures _____ (GA), the Confederacy is split in _____ again!
 - Sherman can now move north to aid _____.