

1.) Using the formula below, determine the monthly payment on a 5-year car loan with a monthly percentage rate of 0.625% for a car with an original cost of \$21,000 and a \$1000 down payment, *to the nearest cent.*

$$P_n = PMT \left(\frac{1 - (1+i)^{-n}}{i} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 21,000 \text{ value} \\ - 1000 \text{ down payment} \\ \hline 20,000 \text{ loan} \end{array}$$

P_n = present amount borrowed

n = number of monthly pay periods

PMT = monthly payment

i = interest rate per month

$$5 \cdot 12 = 60 \text{ monthly payments}$$

$$20,000 = PMT \left(\frac{1 - (1 + .00625)^{-60}}{.00625} \right)$$

$$\frac{20,000}{49.9\dots} = PMT \left(\frac{49.9\dots}{49.9\dots} \right)$$

$$\boxed{\$400.76 = PMT}$$

b. An affordable monthly payment for your budget is \$300, over the same time period. Determine an appropriate down payment, *to the nearest dollar.* ≡

$$\begin{array}{r} 21,000 \\ - 14,972 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$P_n = 300 \left(\frac{1 - (1 + .00625)^{-60}}{.00625} \right)$$

$$P_n = 14,972$$

$$\boxed{\$6028}$$

2.) Jim is looking to buy a vacation home for \$172,600 near his favorite southern beach.

The formula to compute a mortgage payment, M , is $M = P \cdot \frac{r(1+r)^N}{(1+r)^N - 1}$ where P is the principal amount of the loan, r is the monthly interest rate, and N is the number of monthly payments. Jim's bank offers a monthly interest rate of 0.305% for a 15-year mortgage.

15 * 12 = 180
payments

With no down payment, determine Jim's mortgage payment, *rounded to the nearest dollar*.

$$M = 172,600 \cdot \left(\frac{.00305 (1 + .00305)^{180}}{(1 + .00305)^{180} - 1} \right)$$

$$M = 172,600 (.007 \dots)$$

$$M = \$1247$$

b. Algebraically determine and state the down payment, *rounded to the nearest dollar*, that Jim needs to make in order for his mortgage payment to be \$1100.

$$\frac{1100}{.007 \dots} = P \left(\frac{.007 \dots}{.007 \dots} \right)$$

$$152,193 = P$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 172,600 \\ -152,193 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\$20,407$$