

1.) Researchers in a local area found the population of rabbits with an initial population of 20, grew **continuously** at the rate of 5% per month. The fox population had an initial value of 30, and grew **continuously** at the rate of 3% per month.

Find, the nearest tenth of a month, how long it takes for these populations to be equal.

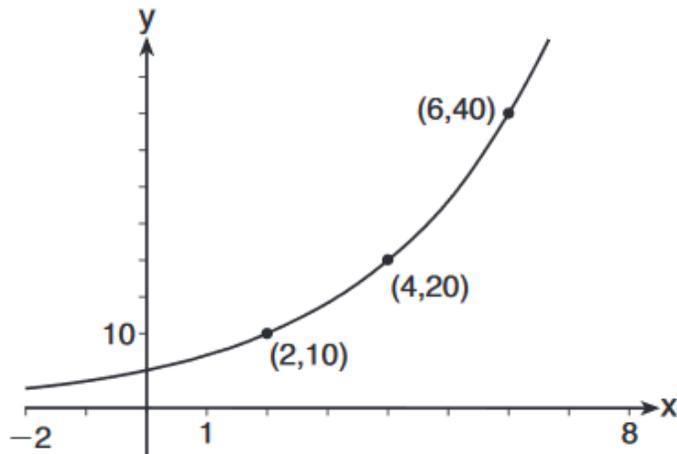
Rabbits
 $y = 20e^{.05x}$

Foxes
 $y = 30e^{.03x}$

Intersection
 $(20.3, 55.1)$

20.3 months

2.) The graph of $y = f(x)$ is shown below.



Which expression defines $f(x)$?

- (A) $2x$ (B) $5(2^x)$ (C) $5\left(2^{\frac{x}{2}}\right)$ (D) $5(2^{2x})$

3.) The data collected by a biologist showing the growth of a colony of bacteria at the end of each hour are displayed in the table below.

Time, hour, (x)	0	1	2	3	4	5
Population (y)	250	330	580	800	1650	3000

Write an **exponential regression** equation, rounding to the *nearest thousandth*.

$$y = 215.983 (1.652)^x$$

4.) A certain type of bacteria will **double** every 10 **days**.

a. If you start with 16 cells of bacteria, write a function that will give the number of bacteria, N , after d days.

$$N = 16(2)^{\frac{d}{10}}$$

b. Using the equation from part (a), to determine the number of bacteria cells after 31 days. [Round to the whole number]

$$N = 16(2)^{\frac{31}{10}}$$
$$N = 137$$

5.) A payday loan company makes loans between \$100 and \$1000 available to customers.

Every 14 days, customers are charged 30% interest with compounding.

In 2013, Remi took out a \$300 payday loan.

Which expression can be used to calculate the amount she would owe, in dollars, after one year if she did not make payments?

- (A) $300(0.30)^{\frac{14}{365}}$ (B) $300(1.30)^{\frac{14}{365}}$ (C) $300(0.30)^{\frac{365}{14}}$ (D) $300(1.30)^{\frac{365}{14}}$

6.) Iodine – 131 is a radioactive isotope used in the treatment of thyroid conditions. Iodine – 131 will naturally get removed from the body after an extended period of time. For most patients, **half** of the radioactive isotope will leave the body after 4 days. A recent patient just received 20 grams of Iodine – 131. Let I represent the amount of Iodine – 131, in grams, over d days.

a. Write an equation that will model this situation.

$$I = 20 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{\frac{d}{4}}$$

b. What is the rate of decay **per day**? Round to the *nearest tenth*.

$$I = 20 \left(\frac{1}{2}^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)^d$$

$$I = 20 (.841)^d$$

$$1 - r = .841$$

$$r = .159$$

$$\boxed{15.9\%}$$

7.) Jamie is going to buy a home for \$155,000. The formula to compute a mortgage payment, M ,

$$M = P \cdot \frac{r(1+r)^N}{(1+r)^N - 1}$$
 where P is the principal amount of the loan, r is the monthly interest rate,

and N is the number of monthly payments. Jamie's bank offers a monthly interest rate of 0.25% for a 20-year mortgage. $20 \cdot 12 = 240$ months

With no down payment, determine Jamie's mortgage payment, rounded to the **nearest dollar**.

$$M = 155,000 \cdot \frac{.0025 (1.0025)^{240}}{(1.0025)^{240} - 1}$$

$$M = 155,000 (.0055 \dots)$$

$$M = \$ 860$$

b. Algebraically determine and state the down payment, *rounded to the nearest dollar*, that Jamie needs to make, in order for her mortgage payment to be \$800.

$$800 = P (.0055 \dots)$$

$$P = 144,249$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 155,000 \\ -144,249 \\ \hline \$ 10,751 \end{array}$$

8.) Last year, the total revenue (R) for Taco Hut, a national restaurant chain, increased 4% over the previous **year** (y). They used the model: $R = (1.04)^y$.

If this trend were to continue, which expression could the company's chief financial officer use to approximate their **monthly** percent increase in revenue? [Let m represent months.]

- (A) $R = (1.04)^m$ (B) $R = (1.04)^{12m}$ (C) $R = (1.00327)^m$ (D) $R = (1.00327)^{\frac{m}{12}}$

$$R = (1.04)^{\frac{m}{12}}$$

$$R = (1.04^{\frac{1}{12}})^m$$

$$R = (1.00327)^m$$

9.) A student studying bacteria find the population of a specific strand of bacteria increased 30% in an hour. She used the model: $B = 20(1.30)^t$, where B is the population of bacteria and t is the time in hours. Another student, Jamie, wants to use a model that would predict the population of bacteria after m minutes.

- (A) $B = 20(1.03)^m$ (B) $B = 20(1.0044)^m$

- (C) $B = 20(1.003)^m$ (D) $B = 20(1.18)^m$

$$B = 20(1.30)^{\frac{m}{60}}$$

$$B = 20(1.30^{\frac{1}{60}})^m$$

$$B = 20(1.0044)^m$$

10.) Using a microscope, a researcher observed and recorded the number of bacteria spores on a large sample of uniformly sized pieces of meat kept at room temperature. A summary of the data she recorded is shown in the table below.

Hours (x)	Average Number of Spores (y)
0	4
0.5	10
1	15
2	60
3	260
4	1130
6	16,380

Write an exponential regression equation, rounding all values to the *nearest thousandth*.

$$y = 4.168 (3.981)^x$$

11.) You have \$1200 in a savings account. The money in the savings account will **double** every 8 years.

Let P represent the principal amount of money in the savings account over t years.

a. Write an equation that will model this scenario.

$$P = 1200 (2)^{\frac{t}{8}}$$

b. How much money, *to the nearest cent*, will be in the savings account after 20 years?

$$P = 1200 (2)^{\frac{20}{8}}$$

$$P = \$6788.23$$

12.) Monthly mortgage payments can be found using the formula:
$$M = \frac{P \left(\frac{r}{12} \right) \left(1 + \frac{r}{12} \right)^n}{\left(1 + \frac{r}{12} \right)^n - 1}$$

M = monthly payment , P = amount borrowed
 r = annual interest rate , n = number of **monthly** payments

$5 \cdot 12 = 180 \text{ months}$

You would like to borrow \$160,000 to purchase a home.
 They qualify for an annual interest rate of 4.5%. What is the monthly payment over a **15-year** period?
 [Round to the nearest cent]

$$M = \frac{160,000 \left(\frac{.045}{12} \right) \left(1 + \frac{.045}{12} \right)^{180}}{\left(1 + \frac{.045}{12} \right)^{180} - 1}$$

$$M = \$ 1223.99$$

13.) Titanium-44 is a radioactive isotope that will decrease in mass by **one-half** every 63 years.

a. If you start with an initial mass of 100 grams of Titanium-44, write a function that will give the mass, M , remaining after t years.

$$M = 100 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{\frac{t}{63}}$$

b. Using the equation from part (a), how much of the sample of Titanium-44 is remaining after 45 years.

[Round to the nearest tenth.]

$$M = 100 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{\frac{45}{63}}$$

$$M = 61.0$$

$$5.12 = 60 \text{ months}$$

14.) Using the formula below, determine the monthly payment on a 5-year car loan with a monthly percentage rate of 0.6% for a car with an original cost of \$24,000 and a \$3000 down payment, *to the nearest cent*.

$$P_n = PMT \left(\frac{1 - (1+i)^{-n}}{i} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24,000 \\ - 3,000 \\ \hline 21,000 \end{array}$$

P_n = present amount borrowed

n = number of monthly pay periods

PMT = monthly payment

i = interest rate per month

$$21,000 = PMT \left(\frac{1 - (1 + .006)^{-60}}{.006} \right)$$

$$21,000 = PMT (50.26\dots)$$

$$PMT = \$417.81$$

b. An affordable monthly payment for your budget is \$350, over the same time period. Determine an appropriate down payment, *to the nearest dollar*.

$$P_n = 350 (50.26\dots)$$

$$P_n = 17,592$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24,000 \\ - 17,592 \\ \hline \$6408 \end{array}$$