

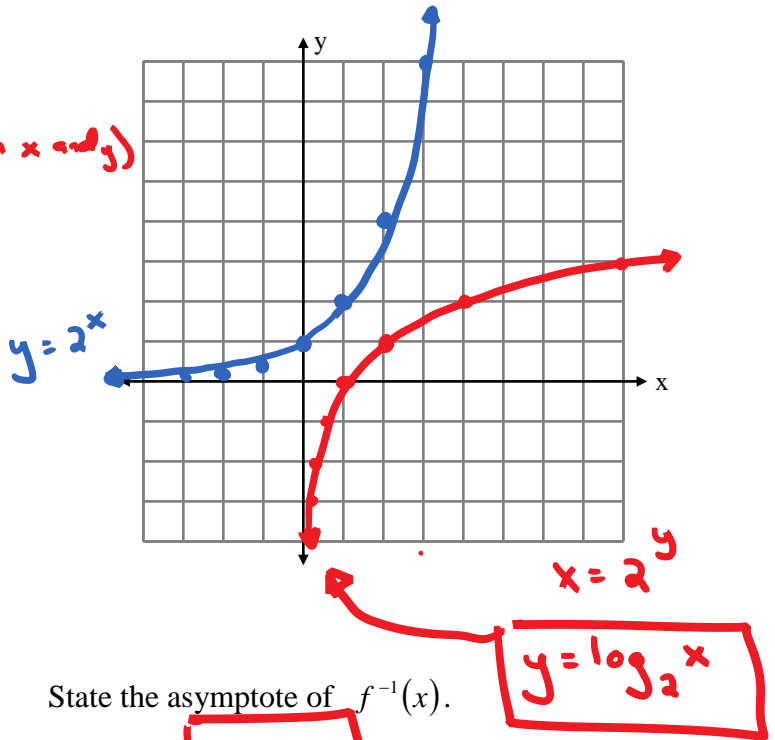
Graph:  $f(x) = 2^x$

x	y
-3	.125
-2	.25
-1	.5
0	1
1	2
2	4
3	8

Graph:  $f^{-1}(x)$

Inverse (switch x and y)

x	y
.125	-3
.25	-2
.5	-1
1	0
2	1
4	2
8	3



State the asymptote of  $f(x)$ .

$y = 0$

State the asymptote of  $f^{-1}(x)$ .

$x = 0$

1.) Which equation represents the **inverse** of  $y = 3^x$  ?

- (a)  $y = x^3$     (b)  $3^x = y$     (c)  $x = \log_3 y$     (d)  $y = \log_3 x$

Base 3

2.) Which equation represent the **inverse** of  $y = \log_5 x$  ?

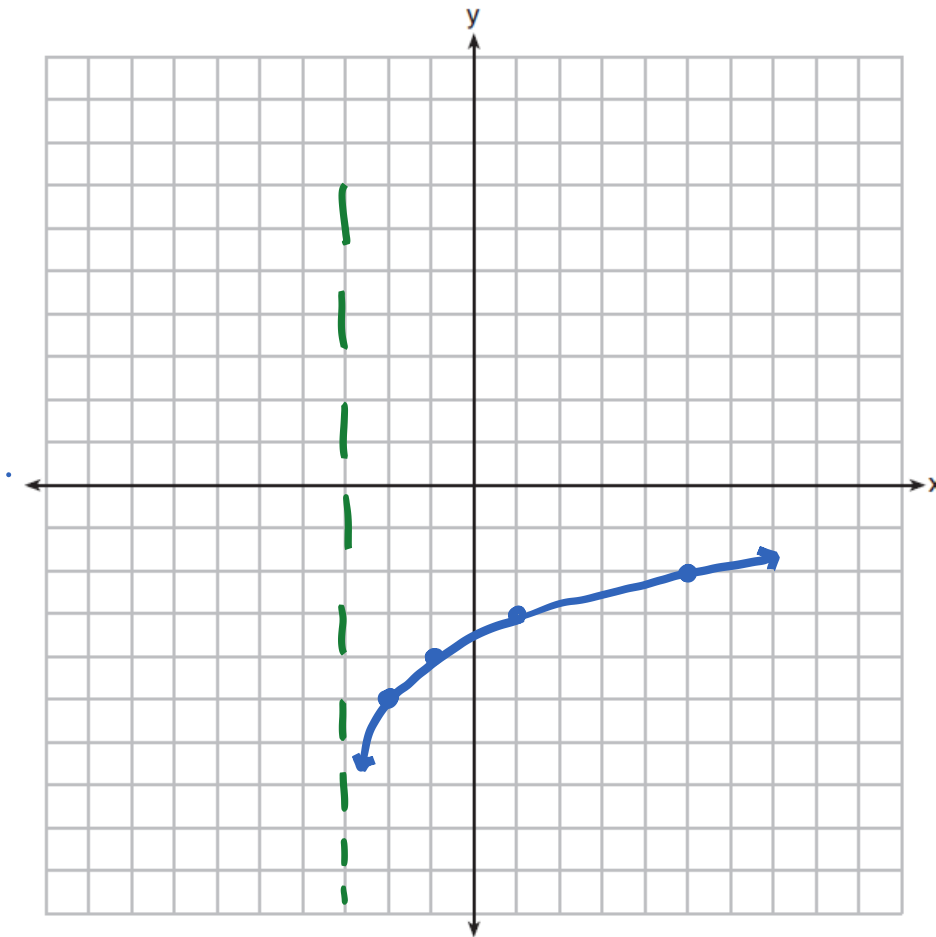
- (a)  $y = x^5$     (b)  $y = 5^x$     (c)  $x = y^5$     (d)  $x = 5^y$

3.) When  $g(x) = \frac{2}{x+2}$  and  $h(x) = \log(x+1)+3$  are graphed on the same set of axes, which coordinates best approximate their point of intersection?

- (a)  $(-0.9, 1.8)$     **(b)  $(-0.9, 1.9)$**     (c)  $(1.4, 3.3)$     (d)  $(1.4, 3.4)$

4.) Graph  $y = \log_2(x+3) - 5$  on the set of axes below. Use an appropriate scale to include **both** intercepts.

x	y
-3	undefined
-2	-5
-1	-4
1	-3
5	-2
13	-1



Describe the end behavior of the given function as  $x$  approaches  $-3$  and as  $x$  approaches positive infinity.

$$x \rightarrow -3, f(x) \rightarrow \boxed{-\infty}$$

$$x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow \boxed{\infty}$$